Woman's Journal
And Suffrage News

VOL. 46. NO. 36. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1915 FIVE CENTS

JEWELLERS COME OUT IN FAVOR

National Association Votes Unanimously for Woman Suffrage in New York Convention

The National American Retail Jewellers' Association, in convention in the Grand Central Palace in New York City last week, passed by unanimous vote a resolution endorsing woman suffrage. The Woman Suffrage Party sent Martha Wentworth Suffren to the Palace, instructing her to try to get a favorable resolution passed.

Going upon the spur of the moment, not knowing the name of a single officer or delegate of the association, Mrs. Suffren felt some trepidation, and it increased when she found that she had arrived just as the elections were being held. But from the member who presided at the information window up to the newly-elected president, she found none but friends. The former got her admittance into the hall, and the latter allowed her a few minutes in which to talk to the delegates.

The Resolutions Committee were all but one in hearty favor of women voting, but had rejected all resolutions not directly concerning the jewelers, had made their report, and had it accepted, and were therefore unable to reopen their subject. And yet, so warm was the sympathy and interest felt by a majority of the 600 delegates, that in fifteen minutes after Mrs. Suffren entered she was allowed a few minutes while votes were being counted, in which to talk woman suffrage from the platform, and to read her resolution. As soon as she finished one of the officers arose and moved its adoption. The vote was unanimous and very hearty in favor.

The resolution read as follows: "The National American Retail Jewellers' Association recognizes the great advance in recent years of the status of American women, until in every State they now hold property, earn wages, and take part in community life. The association believes, for these reasons, that American women should have the vote."

GOV. BRUMBAUGH FEELS CONFIDENT

Pennsylvanian Tells Colorado Men that His State Will Free Women in November

Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh, of Pennsylvania, in a speech at Denver, Col., Aug. 26, came out for equal suffrage and declared that the men of Pennsylvania would give the women of that State the vote on November second.

"I believe women in Pennsylvania will be given the right to vote after the next election," he said. "I believe they should be given the ballot."

"I was elected on a personal platform favoring women's suffrage," said the Governor, "although the Democratic and Progressive parties united to defeat me. I consider that fact one of the best reasons for believing that suffrage will carry. Unquestionably women are fitted for the ballot. As a school man I have learned the value of their conclusions, and in some instances have even found it wise to defer to them."

NEW JERSEY MAN FIRM IN STAND

Attorney-General John W. Wescott Shows How Nation Needs Votes for Women

Attorney-General John W. Wescott of New Jersey is a pronounced suffragist, a vice-president of the New Jersey Men's League for Woman Suffrage. He says:

"If you want clean streets, pure water, food and market inspection you must give women the vote. If you want good schools, adequate playgrounds and hygienic conditions for children—the growing citizens of the future—you must give women the vote. If you want to be the servant and not the master of society you must give women the vote.

"The more I see of the working of the government and social conditions of this State the more I am in favor of equal suffrage."

WAITING FOR THE PRESIDENT

WILL NOT HAVE TO STRIKE TO PROVE WOMAN'S PLACE

New York Suffragists Find They Only Had to Suggest Staying Home to Dislodge Anti-Suffrage Cornerstone

The suggestion of a women's strike in New York City accomplished its purpose without making a strike necessary, and the proposal was indefinitely postponed last week. At a meeting, Aug. 24, the entire matter was put in the hands of the Publicity Council of the Empire State Campaign Committee. The council has decided, however, not to go further with the strike. In a published statement the council says:

"It will not, it seems, be necessary to inaugurate the women's day at home demonstration. The point has already gone home. For years every opponent of woman suffrage who wanted to hide his paucity of motives did so with the almost universal 'Woman's place is in the home.' Mr. Taft said it, Mr. Root said it, Mr. Stimson said it, Mr. Wickersham said it, Mr. Nugent said it—everybody, intelligent or ignorant, high or low. It was a huge bluff which frightened a credulous world. Now the bluff has been called. Those who last week were most sentimental in their insistence that woman's place is in the home, this week are most lugubrious over the prospect of her staying there for even one day.

"Anti-suffragists have fairly

(Continued on Page 280.)

COLLEGE ALUMNAE FAVOR SUFFRAGE

Convention at San Francisco Votes Almost Unanimously for Political Equality

The Association of Collegiate Alumnae at San Francisco recently passed a resolution favoring equal suffrage by a large majority. Out of 273 votes cast, 236 favored woman suffrage, as against 13 opposed, while 24 did not vote.

NEW YORK LABOR VOTES TO HELP

Federation Takes Stand in Buffalo Convention and Elects Woman Special Vice-President

The New York State Federation of Labor, at its annual convention in session at Buffalo, Aug. 28, went on record in favor of woman suffrage, also a resolution was passed increasing the number of vice presidents to eleven, and specifying that the eleventh be a woman. Miss Nellie Kelly, of Syracuse, a member of the Garment Workers' Union, was elected.

OREGON CHANGES SHOW ADVANTAGE

Minimum Wage for Girls Reduces Number Poorly Paid from 26 to 1 Per Cent.

Before the women of Oregon secured the minimum wage law, 26 per cent. of the girls working in retail stores received a rate of less than $6 a week. After the law went into effect less than 1 per cent. were paid below this rate.

This fact is vouched for in the recent report of Miss Marie L. Obenauer of the Woman's Division of the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, after a study of the minimum wage law in Oregon. The minimum wage law was one of the first laws gained by the women voters after suffrage was won in that State.

The proposal intended to provide that upon the result of the referendum this fall, authorized by the Legislature, will depend whether or not women shall have the right to vote in New York, was advanced to the order of final passage in the Constitutional Convention in Albany last week.

ALABAMA HOUSE GIVES MAJORITY

Resolution Barely Fails of Three Fifths — Anonymous Attack Just Before Vote

The Alabama House last week gave a majority to the resolution to submit a suffrage amendment to the voters. The resolution failed only because a three-fifths vote was necessary. A telegram to the Woman's Journal from Mrs. Pattie R. Jacobs, president of the Alabama Equal Suffrage Association, says that the vote stood 52 for and 43 against. Only eleven votes were lacking for the necessary three-fifths. The Senate was expected to act this week.

For eight months the question of submitting a suffrage amendment has been a vital one in the Alabama Legislature. Repeated attempts to smother the matter in committee have failed, and the resolution was forced to an issue in the House last week. All through the hot weather Mrs. Bossie O'Brien Hundley, chairman of the legislative committee, has been at Montgomery working for the success of the measure.

Just a few days before the vote an anonymous and scurrilous pamphlet of sixteen pages was cir-

culated among the representatives. It was called "A Protest against Women's Suffrage," and declared in its opening sentence that the work of Alabama suffragists was "the most dangerous blow aimed at the peace and happiness of the people of Alabama and white supremacy since the Civil War." This anonymous attack was immediately answered by the Alabama Equal Suffrage Association with a leaflet nailing every argument advanced.

One of the most significant results of the work of the unseen interests was the fact that Representative Green, author of the suffrage resolution, deserted it at the last minute and voted against it.

WILL NOT HAVE TO CALL STRIKE

(Concluded from page 279.)

fallen over their own feet in their haste to condemn women for the proposal to abide by the time-honored anti precept that woman's place is in the home. In the language of one of them, for women to stay in their homes for even one day would be to 'prove the limit of lawlessness to which suffragists are prepared to go, in order to gain their ends.'

"This present agitation has won from good friend and unwitting foe alike so telling a tribute to the dignity of woman's labor outside of the home, its far-reaching extent, its tremendous responsibility, its unescapeable involvement in production, manufacture and distribution, that it is doubtful if ever again it will be possible to lose sight of woman's great contribution to industry, to comfort, to education, to morals, in her work outside of the home."

PLAN DOLLAR DAY IN NEW YORK

Manhattan Suffragists Will Show on October 1 that They Earn the Vote

"Show the World That New York Women Earn Their Vote" was the slogan put out by the City Committee of the Woman Suffrage Party in inaugurating a "Dollar Day" at a meeting this week at the party headquarters, 48 East Thirty-fourth street. The official "Dollar Day" will be Oct. 1, when every friend or sympathizer is asked to give a dollar to support the work. But dollars began to come in immediately to Mrs. Martha Wentworth Suffren, chairman of the Dollar Day Committee, and the members of the City Committee started the fund before their meeting was over. The call for "Dollar Day" says:

"We must have bands, banners, halls for thousands of meetings, and stacks of literature to give away. A dollar is not much, but we can carry New York for equal suffrage if we can gather enough of them to make a fitting finish to a splendid campaign." It concludes: "Give a dollar! Save a dollar! Beg a dollar! Earn a dollar!"

"Dollar Day" will be celebrated with festivities at the headquarters, and every one is invited to be present and take tea, which will be served from 3 to 5 o'clock in the afternoon. There will be a big flower-trimmed box to receive the dollars which will be sent in.

Woman's suffrage has brought about the dawn of a new and better era in politics.—Mayor Thompson of Chicago.

WOMEN MAKE GOOD, DECLARE GOVERNORS

Executives at Suffrage Luncheon Tell What Equality Means to People of West. "One Hundred Per Cent Better," Says Spry.

The Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage Association and the Men's Committee entertained at luncheon the Governors or ex-Governors of nine equal suffrage States last week. The executives present were Governors William Spry of Utah, Arthur Capper of Kansas, Edward F. Dunne of Illinois, Moses Alexander of Idaho, George W. P. Hunt of Arizona, Ernest Lister of Washington and Samuel V. Stewart of Montana, and ex-Governors Alva Adams and Elias M. Ammons of Colorado and Joseph M. Carey of Wyoming. All of them said that the effect of equal suffrage in their States had been excellent.

Mrs. Teresa A. Crowley presided and the tables were flanked with great bunches of yellow flowers and birds on the walls.

Governor Stewart of Montana, the first speaker, said that suffrage was new in his State, but that all doubt as to how the women would line up was settled at the first election. On the whole he felt that the women voted more intelligently than the men. Governor Dunne of Illinois declared that in his State women undertook to clean up aggressive corporate interests—a job which the men had shirked. From 1906 on he had always stood for votes for women, and he believed that if a male vote on the question of equal suffrage in Illinois were now taken it would result heavily in favor of the women.

"Woman State officials in Utah," said Governor Spry, "have been on the whole about 100 per cent. better all round than the men."

The respects of Governor Lister of Washington were paid to former Judge Snell of that State, who recently has come out publicly against equal suffrage. Governor Lister called upon Judge Snell and his friends, if any believe as the judge does, to invoke the initiative and referendum to put an end to women's voting in Washington.

Governor Capper of Kansas related that in 1867 Lucy Stone wrote to the Governor of Kansas, Crawford, urging woman suffrage; and he was particularly glad to tell his hearers that the political equality seed had been sown from Massachusetts.

Other speakers were Governor Hunt of Arizona, Governor Carlson and former Governors Adams and Ammons of Colorado, Governor Alexander of Idaho, Governor Spry of Utah, and former Governor Carey of Wyoming.

Several of the Governors also spoke at a suffrage meeting at Faneuil Hall given by the Cambridge Equal Suffrage League.

"It would be wrong to speak against liberty in this hall where orators thundered for abolition 50 years ago," said ex-Governor Alva Adams. "It is only the Puritan prejudice about a woman's place in the world which has withheld from her the ballot."

WOMAN CLEANS UP HOOPESTON

Vice Driven from Illinois Town by City Matron, Mrs. Agnes Frisinger

Mrs. Agnes Frisinger, formerly of Hull House, Chicago, went to Hoopeston, Ill., six months ago, and single-handed has cleaned up the vice forces of that city. She was officially appointed city matron last May.

The following are some of the feats accomplished, according to the Chicago Herald:

She has struck terror into the hearts of all evil-doers in the city.

She has brought about more than twenty "necessary marriages," and is on the road to securing several others.

She has "cleaned out" an unscrupulous police department by forcing the resignation of Chief W. J. Dixon and all of his subordinates.

She has raided two gambling houses by herself and captured six inmates at the point of her gun.

She has driven all "street walkers" from their beats and compelled young girls to respect a curfew regulation.

She has successfully resisted all efforts of the opposing forces to oust her and has firmly intrenched herself in the city's government.

One of the most recent anti-suffrage statements brought forward by James R. Nugent, the New Jersey politician, is from Congressman Bowdle of Ohio. Mr. Bowdle's speech against suffrage in the House had to be expurgated before it could be published in the Record.

WOMEN TO MEET SOON

Congressional Union Arranges for Big Political Demonstration in San Francisco

The Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage has called a convention of its members and friends from the suffrage States to meet at San Francisco Sept. 14, 15 and 16. The purpose of this convention is to mature plans for definite political action on the part of woman voters in support of the national suffrage amendment.

"There are now approximately four million woman voters," says a statement from the Union. "One-fourth of the national Senate, one-sixth of the House of Representatives, and one-fifth of the electoral vote come from suffrage States. With this leverage in Congress, the national suffrage amendment could speedily be passed if the woman voters would unite in its support. This convention is an attempt to devise plans for united and effective action. It is the first political convention of woman voters that has ever been called, and is an event of historical significance."

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont is chairman of the convention, and the vice-chairmen are Mrs. William Kent, Calif.; Mrs. S. B. M. Young, Mont.; Dr. Cora Smith King, District of Columbia; Mrs. George Fowler, Col.; Miss Charlotte Anita Whitney, Cal.; Mrs. Preston Satterwhite, N. Y.; Mrs. M. H. de Young, Cal.; Miss Margaret Roberts, Idaho; Mrs. Frederick G. Sanborn, Cal.; Mrs. Lucius M. Cuthbert, Col.; Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst, Cal.; Mrs. Mary Cachot Therkelsen, Ore.; Mrs. Florence Kelley, N. Y.; Mrs. Lovell White, Cal.; Miss Anne Martin, Nev.

The first political session of the convention opens with a discussion of "Is Suffrage a Federal Issue?" Mrs. Sara Bard Field of California will speak on "The Waste of Women." Every suffrage State will discuss "The Woman Voters' Need of National Enfranchisement for Women."

The pageant at the Exposition will be a dramatic pantomime, interspersed with musical interludes and massed dance movements by 400 men and women.

Mrs. William Kent, wife of Representative Kent, will give the "History of the Susan B. Anthony Movement." Miss Gail Laughlin will tell of the attitude of Susan B. Anthony on "Suffrage Tactics." Miss Ida Finney Mackrille of California will speak on "Party Organization and Responsibility."

The speakers at the public mass meeting, to be held at Scottish Rite Auditorium in San Francisco, will include Francis J. Heney, Miss Alice Paul, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, J. Stitt Wilson and Mrs. Charles Farwell Edson.

Friday afternoon the Exposition authorities, with the Mayor of San Francisco and the Governor of the State, will present to the Congressional Union a memorial of the convention and of its educational work at the Suffrage Booth.

A delegation of California women will make the trip to Washington to join other delegates from the voting States in asking the ballot for Eastern women. Miss Charlotte Anita Whitney, chairman of the California branch of the Union, will lead the delegation.

JERSEY WOMAN DIES VOTELESS

Mrs. Isabella M. Christie, a worker for woman suffrage for the last thirty years, who prayed that she might be spared until the special election on the suffrage question on Oct. 19, died last week at her home in Bayonne, N. J., in her seventy-fifth year. Mrs. Christie was one of the founders of the Women's Political Study Club of Bayonne, of which she was president for many years. She was also an honorary vice-president of the New Jersey State Woman Suffrage Association. Dr. Anna H. Shaw, president of the National Suffrage Association, conducted the funeral services.

Miss Jane Addams, who has been ill at Bar Harbor, Me., for several days with an attack of bronchitis, was reported Aug. 28 to be slowly improving.

The National Association of Teachers in Negro Schools at the session held in Cincinnati last July endorsed woman suffrage.

The Louisiana State Farmers' Union, at its seventh annual conference held in Alexandria, endorsed equal suffrage. The conference also passed resolutions pledging all possible assistance to the various suffrage organizations of that State in their work for votes.

FORM OF BEQUEST

I hereby give and bequeath to the Proprietors of The Woman's Journal, published in Boston, a corporation established by the laws of Massachusetts, the sum of _____ dollars.

CRAFTY ANTI GETS A STINGING REBUKE

New Jersey Suffrage President Contrasts Well Known Allies of Those Who Favor and of Those Who Oppose Women's Enfranchisement

An open letter from A. H. Ellis, of East Orange, addressed to the president of the New Jersey Woman Suffrage Association, which appeared in newspapers throughout the State Aug. 21, stated that the suffragists were trying to make the public believe that those opposed had the sympathy and support of the brewing interests of the State, and added that, from the tone of their articles, "one is led to believe that the suffragists consider such support would be a stigma upon the anti-suffrage movement." Mr. Ellis, who is secretary of the new Men's Anti-Suffrage League, then asks for a reply to the following question:

"Now, all this being true, does it mean that the suffragists of New Jersey want the voters of New Jersey to understand that if 'Votes for Women' is successful at the polls on October 19, the outcome will be prohibition in New Jersey?"

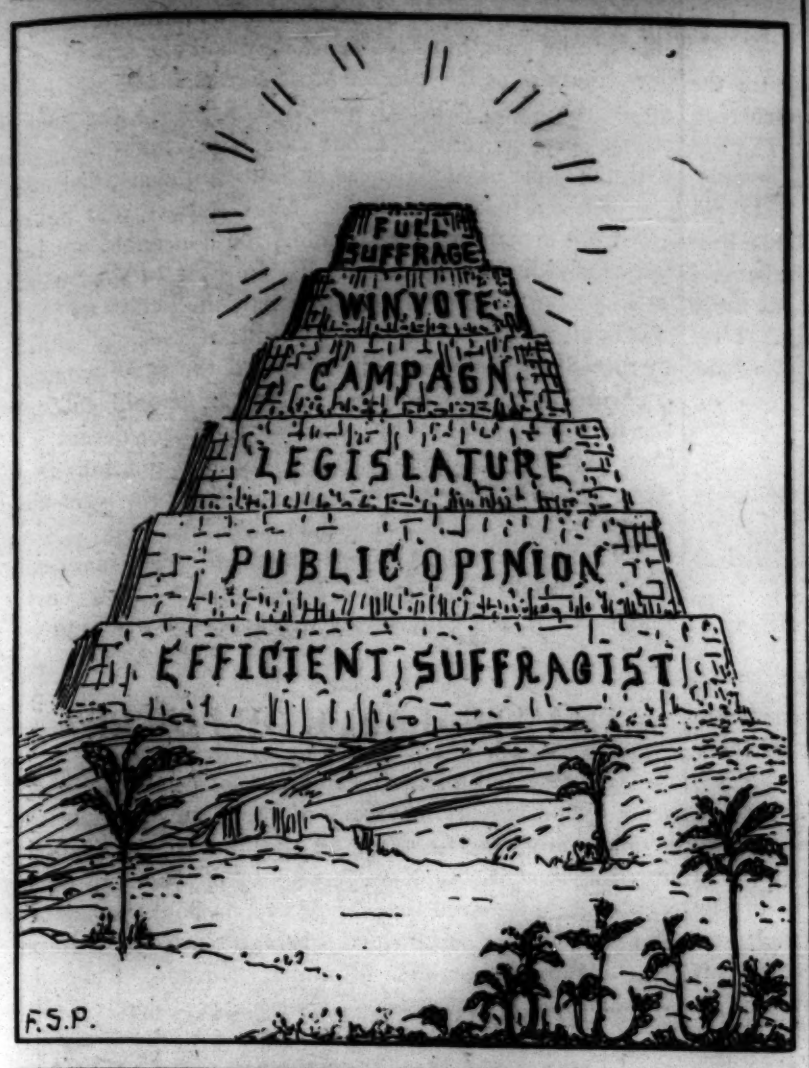
In reply to this letter Mrs. E. F. Feickert says: "The relative position of the suffragists and the antis to the friends and foes of the liquor traffic seems to be this: The liquor interests of the State, at meetings of their various organizations, have passed resolutions opposing woman suffrage, and instructing their members to work against it. Accounts of such meetings have appeared in many different New Jersey papers during the past six months. We must, therefore consider the liquor interests of the State as part of the anti-suffrage movement, and, however much they may dislike being found in such company, the women anti-suffragists are working shoulder to shoulder with all the opponents of 'votes for women,' including the liquor interests and Mr. James R. Nugent, of Essex County.

"The suffrage movement has received the endorsement of both conferences of the Methodist Church, both conferences of the Baptist Church, the West Jersey Presbytery of the Presbyterian Church, and of the Society of Friends. It has also been endorsed by the Anti-Saloon League, the W. C. T. U., the New Jersey Educational Association, the Central Building Trades Union, by hundreds of local labor unions and granges, and by prominent men in the Republican, Democratic, Progressive, Prohibition and Socialist parties. All of these endorsing organizations and people are allies of the suffragists, and are working with them for 'votes for women.'

"Success for the suffragists on October 19 no more means immediate Statewide prohibition than it means that everyone in New Jersey will at once join the Methodist or the Baptist church. We do not suppose that victory for the antis will mean more saloons for New Jersey; but it would be just as logical to deduce that from the character of their supporters as to claim that every saloon will be closed on October 20 if the suffragists win, because 'votes for women' is endorsed by the Anti-Saloon League."

I am strong in the belief that men and women should work together on all questions of public interest. It has a better effect on both.—Jane Addams.

There is less danger of women neglecting their domestic duties on account of suffrage than for society, literary clubs, or sports.—General Irving Hale of Denver.



SEEING THE PLAN WHOLE

The Suffrage Pyramid and Its Relation to "The Score," "The Ladder" and "Honorable Mention"—The Dull Season Brings Nearly 6000 New Subscriptions

(By Agnes E. Ryan.)

LOOK at The Pyramid. Then look at The Score of new subscriptions since May 1. Now look at The Ladder and the list under Honorable Mention.

Look at The Pyramid again. Its highest point is Full Suffrage for Women. That is the goal. The base is made of efficient suffragists, those who are informed and equipped to work for Equal Suffrage—if you please, regular readers of the Woman's Journal. Education is the base on which the suffrage movement is builded, and education in suffrage comes chiefly through the Woman's Journal. This is not theory, it is not a dogmatic statement. From the mail that comes to the Journal office it is clear that the Journal is the chief source of information for suffrage workers of all kinds in all of the States, —for league presidents and officers for State presidents and officers, for national presidents, chairmen and officers, and for members of all associations, unions, leagues and clubs.

Efficient Suffragists create Public Opinion. Public Opinion in favor of Equal Suffrage brings favorable Legislative Action which puts States into Campaigns. Of course, Campaigns must be waged to win voters, for which the only weapon is education—an educated press, educated publicity, educated, well-informed speakers, educated, well-informed writers and canvassers and organizers, above all educated individual suffragists. The great stumbling-blocks in all campaigns are prejudice and indifference, and the great cure is Education — information, knowledge. (Next week on this page will be printed a pyramid whose base will be Efficient Women Voters.)

Now Look at The Score again. It shows the number of new subscriptions to the Journal obtained since May 1. The purpose of the campaign for 1,000 new subscriptions in each State is to erect two Pyramids in each State: First, the Pyramid whose base is Efficient Suffragists, and, Second, a Pyramid whose base will be Efficient Women Voters.

"The Ladder" and "Honorable Mention" give the names of all suffragists who have made the Score for the States (except the 324 subscriptions received without the senders' name.) These suffragists saw the value of having 1,000 additional efficient suffragists in each State. They have been working toward that goal. The result is that thirty-nine States have joined and 5,837 new subscriptions have been obtained in the campaign for Efficient Suffragists which was started as a tribute to Lucy Stone.

Think of it! Nearly six thousand new subscriptions obtained by suffragists during the hardest period of the whole year—May 1 to August 31! It is hoped that dozens and scores and hundreds of new workers will join in building the first Pyramid. And it is hoped—even more ardently—that all who have been working on the Pyramid will remain steadfast until it is completed.

THE LADDER

Names of Journal Readers Who Have Sent in From Five to 185 New Subscriptions from May 1 to August 24

Miss Mabel C. Washburn	182	Mrs. Murray Hubbard	13
Miss L. T. Redman	154	Mrs. Mary L. Fisher	13
Mrs. F. H. Pierce	61	Mrs. Agnes E. Andrews	12
Miss Florence Hoge	46	Miss Helen Mower	12
Mrs. Desha Breckinridge	45	Miss Psyche Webster	12
Mrs. Robert A. Irving	43	Mrs. Elnora M. Babcock	12
Mrs. Mary H. Loines	42	Mrs. L. R. Baker	12
Mrs. Oliver Ames	41	Mrs. A. C. Hughston	12
Mrs. Elisabeth H. Potter	39	Mrs. G. L. MacDonald	12
Mrs. E. A. Hunt	37	Miss Almira Davis	12
Miss D. J. Garrison	33	Mrs. J. C. Dunbar	12
Mrs. Wm. R. Henry	33	Mrs. Charles Firth	12
Mrs. Faith W. Morgan	32	Mrs. V. M. Gore	12
Miss Georgiana O. Fisher	32	Mrs. J. T. Moffet	12
Mrs. Frances Agnew	30	Mrs. James T. Pickering	12
Mrs. C. G. Kleinstuck	30	Mrs. Helen C. Sanford	11
Mrs. E. H. Abbott, Jr.	29	Miss C. G. Whitcomb	11
Mrs. Annie Clemett Thoma	29	Mrs. Fred Patterson	11
Miss Daisy Doane	29	Mrs. Robert Pierce	11
Miss Ida M. Lane	29	Miss Kate Devereux Blake	11
Mrs. Edward Stanwood, Jr.	28	Mrs. W. W. Whitman	11
Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton	28	Mrs. H. Churchman	11
Miss Mary Mulford	28	Mrs. Henrietta Dunn Mears	11
Mrs. Max Polachek	27	Mrs. C. A. Briggs	11
Mrs. Caroline L. Dix	27	Mrs. N. S. McLaughlin	11
Mrs. I. Kindstedt	26	Mrs. E. J. Parrish	11
Miss Marie Rupp Hughes	26	Mrs. Frank Rotheir	11
Mrs. J. B. Johnson	24	Miss Healey	10
Miss Annie Heacock	23	Mrs. Hannah A. Babcock	10
Miss Norah Perkins Jeanson	23	Mrs. George L. Dyer	10
Mrs. Jennie S. Merrick	22	Miss Mary Stanger	10
Mrs. Albert McMahon	21	Mrs. Bertha A. Wilcox	10
Mrs. E. A. Wright	21	Mrs. C. Van Bergen	10
Mrs. Anna C. Ames	20	Mr. William O. Crosby	10
Miss Isabel Howland	20	Mrs. C. E. Townsend	10
Mrs. J. N. Camden	20	Miss Polly L. Crowell	10
Mrs. Edmund M. Post	20	Mrs. Eva Rexford Harrower	10
Mrs. D. E. Potter	20	Mrs. Louis A. Holt	10
Mrs. C. W. Hodgson	19	Mrs. E. Kamori	10
Mrs. May L. DeGreen	19	Mrs. Helen Lipincott	10
Miss Leonora O'Reilly	19	Miss Marian C. Manley	10
Miss Florence E. M. Maskrey	18	Miss Clara Newmann	10
Miss Geraldine P. Dilla	18	Mrs. J. H. Whitner	10
Mrs. Olive Rand Clarke	18	Mrs. A. M. Peterson	9
Mrs. Jessica Henderson	18	Mrs. Edward Wellington	9
Mrs. Maude Ray Hartwell	17	Miss Willie M. Kennedy	9
Miss Helen Haight	17	Miss Belle Hodgson	9
Mrs. John P. S. Mahoney	17	Mrs. Clarence Le Bus	9
Miss Louise R. Morris	17	Mrs. Clara C. Needham	9
Miss Zura duPont	17	Mrs. Chas. S. Brooks	9
Mrs. George S. Stewart	17	Mrs. B. B. Valentine	9
Mrs. Caro S. Valentine	17	Mrs. W. E. Crayton	9
Mrs. E. Yancey Cohen	16	Mrs. Alice Cramer Clement	9
Mrs. J. L. Merritt	16	Mrs. Beatrice E. Macomber	9
Mrs. Pryor Fulton	16	Mrs. Lucius Briggs	9
Mrs. Gordon Grand	16	Miss F. Arline Tryon	9
Mrs. Cora M. Kellogg	16	Miss Helen Baker	8
Mrs. Kennie Fricks Steele	16	Mrs. John D. Davenport	8
Miss Jeanette Rankin	16	Dr. Mary Cunning Rose	8
Mrs. Charles Herron	16	Mrs. William C. Hinchman	8
Mrs. R. E. Flanders	15	Mrs. Helene Pollak	8
Mrs. Fred Roege	15	Miss Laura Gowdy	8
Miss Caroline Katzenstein	15	Mrs. H. M. Stoddard	8
Mrs. J. A. De Hart	15	Mrs. H. B. Shepard	8
Miss Blanche W. Hill	15	Mrs. E. S. Everts	8
Mrs. A. Emily Whitten	15	Mrs. G. G. Scott	8
Mrs. Alice M. Hicks	14	Mrs. P. M. Winterrowd	8
Mrs. Joe S. Alderson	14	Miss Marion Woods Davenport	8
Mrs. Grace H. Smithdeal	14	Mrs. J. M. Barnes	8
Dr. Ines Ford Mason	13	Mrs. Malcolm L. McBride	8
Mrs. Ellen F. Palmer	13	Mrs. Eileen B. Coughlin	8
Miss Gertrude Barwell	13	Miss M. I. Waterous	8
Miss Mary Clark	13	Miss Margaret Dobyns	8

(Continued on page 285.)

IF

McLaughlin & Shankland,
Lawyers.

Des Moines, Iowa,
August 18, 1915.

Dear Journal:

In my opinion the sending of The Woman's Journal to the members elect of the 35th General Assembly of Iowa, and the continuing of the same up to the convening of the Legislature, did more to influence the members of that session to pass the suffrage amendment than any other agency, and I was glad to have had a hand in raising the funds for such purpose. If The Woman's Journal could go into the hands of the voters of Iowa for six months prior to the submission of the amendment to the voters in June, the question would carry by a decided majority.

Yours truly,

(Signed)
FRANK S. SHANKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Next week we begin publishing a new department—pictures of suffrage activity in the States on our State Pages. Formerly we confined our illustration almost entirely to the first page. This was because we thought we could not afford other cuts. Today this seems poor economy. This was always a handicap for there were many good pictures we wanted to use which were not quite good enough for the front page. We are going to take the risk of incurring this new expense. It will mean from $2.50 to $5.00 additional expense every week. That means from $130 to $260 added to the year's expenses. Will suffragists send a contribution with the picture they want printed when possible? Will others send occasional contributions to meet the need when it is not possible for the sender of the picture to pay for its make? The cost depends on the size of the cut.—A. E. R.

THE SCORE

States Which Are Working in the Campaign for 1000 New Subscriptions by Dec. 31—Record Through Aug. 24

Massachusetts	1424	Georgia	41
New York	743	Vermont	34
New Jersey	514	Oklahoma	33
Pennsylvania	447	Florida	31
Ohio	375	North Carolina	32
Connecticut	342	North Dakota	25
Kentucky	290	Tennessee	23
Illinois	252	Missouri	23
Iowa	132	Delaware	10
Michigan	119	Dist. of Col.	10
Virginia	109	New Mexico	10
Minnesota	108	South Carolina	10
Texas	101	Arkansas	6
West Virginia	75	Maryland	5
Wisconsin	75	Louisiana	4
Nebraska	71	Mississippi	3
Indiana	69	Colorado	1
Alabama	67		
Maine	62	Total	5837
New Hampshire	59	Gain over previous week	326
Rhode Island	56		
South Dakota	46		

HONORABLE MENTION

Names of Woman's Journal Readers Who Have Sent in From One to Five New Subscriptions Between August 4 and August 24

Mrs. L. S. Adams	2	Mrs. Charles H. Bond	3
Mrs. J. Alden	4	Mrs. Frances E. Bonney	4
Miss Lillian H. Allen	2	Miss Elizabeth Botsford	1
Miss Agnes E. Andrews	4	Mrs. G. E. Brazier	1
Miss Anna L. Andrus	3	Mrs. Lola C. Broadhead	3
Miss Harriet H. Arnold	2	Mrs. Martin I. Brower	1
Miss G. Atkinson	1	Mrs. A. Brown	3
Mrs. W. J. Auchterlouie	1	Mrs. Z. C. Bryant	1
Mrs. Willis Austin	1	Mrs. Jessie C. Buchanan	1
Miss E. Babcock	3	Mrs. Alice H. Bugbee	3
Miss Euphemia Bakewell	1	Miss Grace E. Burnham	1
Mrs. Bessie L. Baldwin	2	Mrs. Anna H. Burrill	3
Miss Mary R. Ballou	4	Miss Edith R. Cabot	2
Mrs. L. E. Barker	2	Mrs. S. C. Caldwell	1
Miss Mary G. Barnard	2	Mrs. Zylla Moore Cardin	3
Mrs. J. M. Barnes	1	Mrs. Robert Carrier	3
Mrs. J. W. Barnes	2	Miss L. M. Carroll	3
Mrs. Emma T. Barnett	2	Mrs. Maud Russell Carter	3
Miss Helen C. Bassett	1	Mrs. Mary Greene Chapin	4
Mrs. Mary W. Betts	2	Mrs. C. M. Chase	1
Mrs. Evelyn B. Bing	1	Miss Mary N. Chase	3
Mrs. M. Bintliff	3	Mrs. R. Stuart Chase	3
Mrs. William E. Birdsall	1	Mrs. O. A. Cheney	1
Miss M. P. Blair	2	Mrs. Edgar Childress	3
Mrs. Alice Blanchard	3		

(Continued on page 286.)

THE WOMAN'S JOURNAL
AND SUFFRAGE NEWS

FOUNDED BY
LUCY STONE and HENRY B. BLACKWELL

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to Winning Equal Rights and especially to Winning Equal Suffrage for Women

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Publication Office: 585 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts.
Telephone: Back Bay 4717

Entered at the Post Office, Boston, Massachusetts, as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION
Domestic: One Year, $1.00; Six Months, 50c; Four Months on Trial, 25c; Single Copies, 5c.
Canadian or Foreign: One Year, $1.50.

Receipt of payment must not be expected to show on address label under two weeks from date received.

Checks and drafts and post-office orders should be made payable to The Woman's Journal.
Advertising rates will be sent upon application to advertising manager.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1915

BALLOT AND BIRTH RATE

Suffragists laugh in their sleeves when prominent antis run amuck against the higher education of women. Mr. and Mrs. John Martin have just published a severe attack upon collegiate training for women, declaring that it leads to "feminism," and feminism to celibacy, or to very small families.

The higher education needs no defence. It can look out for itself. But the Martins evidently mean their attack upon the women's colleges for an oblique attack upon suffrage. They charge that education and the things which go with it have made "spinster voteresses" of the women graduates. Whether education has made them spinsters or not, it certainly has not yet made them voters, for Vassar and Bryn Mawr and the other colleges quoted by the Martins are all in non-suffrage States. If these dreadful things have really happened to women, they have all happened "without the ballot."

Now let us look at the suffrage States. Wyoming has had equal suffrage for 46 years, and Wyoming has the smallest proportion of unmarried women to its population of any State in the Union. Colorado has had equal suffrage for 22 years, and Colorado has a higher birth rate than Massachusetts.

In New Zealand, when women were given a vote, the birth rate had been declining for fourteen years. Soon after, it took a turn, and for the last sixteen years it has steadily risen, till now it is higher than that of England and Wales. In West Australia, the marriage rate and birth rate had been going down for years. As soon as women got the ballot, both rates went up, as the wife of the Chief Justice of New Zealand points out in The Englishwoman.

It is not likely that equal suffrage affects either the marriage rate or the birth rate, except in the most remote and indirect way: but, since it has repeatedly been followed by a marked increase, we may be pretty sure that the ballot neither makes women unwilling to marry nor endangers the baby crop. A. S. B.

SUFFRAGE AND TAXES

When the Governors from the suffrage States were entertained the other day by the Massachusetts suffragists, several of the visiting Governors took occasion in their speeches to ridicule the anti-suffrage prophecy that women's votes would lead to a great increase of taxation. None of the suffrage States are complaining of any such result.

It is a curious fact that all the States having the highest State tax rate are States where women do not vote. Figures showing this were lately given in The Woman's Journal. They were taken from the New York World Almanac for 1915, page 307. It is there stated that in Vermont the tax rate per $1,000 is $18, in Missouri $19, in Maine $23.50, and Minnesota $27.74, while in Washington (the suffrage State with the highest rate) it is only $8.07, ranging down through the other suffrage States to California, where it is only 39 cents.

These figures have been hotly attacked by the anti-suffragists, generally in anonymous articles. They say that the figures given for the non-suffrage States are about right, but that those given for the suffrage States are all wrong. They give different figures for the suffrage States, taken from the Bulletin of the U. S. Census on Wealth, Debt and Taxation, and they accuse the editor of The Woman's Journal of falsehood and fraud, in unmeasured terms.

Anyone who will take the trouble to look up the references will find that both sets of figures are correct, but that they refer to entirely different things. The figures in the World Almanac refer to the State taxes only, and are figured on the basis of the average rate per $1,000. The figures quoted from the U. S. Census Bulletin give "the nominal tax for all purposes in the several States"—not the taxes for State purposes only, but those for county, municipal and local purposes as well. They are figured on the basis of the average rate per $100. Not only the unit of computation but the basis of compilation are different.

What the anti-suffragists did was to take the average rate per $100 of taxes FOR ALL PURPOSES in the suffrage States and multiply it by ten, with the evident intention that the product should be considered as the average rate per $1,000 FOR STATE TAXES ONLY. Commenting on this, a writer in the Brooklyn Eagle says:

"You can't multiply 100 peaches by ten and get 1,000 apples. No more can you multiply by ten a tax rate per hundred compiled on one basis and get the rate per thousand for a compilation on another basis."

The figures given in The Woman's Journal were all strictly accurate, even the surprising ones in regard to California. In 1910 California adopted a constitutional amendment which changed its State assessment. It now has no State tax except a temporary one—for the years between 1910 and 1914 to cover a special apportionment of $1,125,000 for the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

The State tax, of course, is not the only tax that people have to pay; and The Woman's Journal gave also (from the New York World Almanac for 1915, pages 720-721) the municipal tax rates of a large number of cities, showing that the rates are higher in many cities where women do not vote than in many others where they do; in short, that there is no discoverable relation between equal suffrage and high taxes.

The methods of taxation used in different States and cities are so different that no exact comparison is possible. Even the percentage of assessed value to actual value varies widely in different places. The comparative list quoted by the anti-suffragists from Table 5 of the U. S. Census Bulletin to make out a case against the suffrage States is reported by the census authorities as "showing nothing concerning the relative burden of taxation. It only brings into grotesque prominence differences in the methods of assessment."

One fact, however, stands out in this bulletin of the U. S. Census on Wealth, Debt and Taxation, which must be peculiarly disconcerting to the anti-suffragists. It says: "Colorado is the only State in the Union where the per capita tax has fallen between the years 1902 and 1912." A. S. B.

HON. JOHN D. LONG

The death of Ex-Secretary of the Navy Long removes a statesman well known and generally beloved. In Massachusetts he has been spoken of more generally as Governor Long. He served three terms as Governor, and three times recommended woman suffrage in his inaugural messages to the Legislature. He was for years a vice-president of the New England and Massachusetts Woman Suffrage Associations, and he presided with wit and wisdom at the large and brilliant Suffrage Festivals. He was an eloquent speaker for the cause, and laid stress not only upon the justice of equal suffrage, but upon the common sense of it. He said:

"You will find many a street in our Massachusetts towns, on which, of the adult residents, a majority are women owning property on which they are taxed for the municipal expenditures in which they have no voice. And yet in every such community the average intelligence and competency of the women is equal to that of the men. Some of the women don't know much. Some of the men don't know much. Some of the women would not vote if they could; and many of the men do not vote, although they can. Some of the women would vote as they were led or misled; and many of the men do the same thing. Most of the women, if they were voters, would exercise the suffrage with conscientiousness, understanding and advantage; and the men do no more.

"These same men and women meet together many times a year and engage in the same interests, not only in private life, but in public relations. If there is an industrial or agricultural fair or a village improvement enterprise, they are equally active. Both furnish members of the school committee, one as good as the other, not only in matters of instruction, but even in the way of schoolhouse repairs and the grading of the grounds. They mingle in church meetings, and in this respect we all know that the women are the salvation of the enterprise. They own stock in the same bank and railroad, and vote with common intelligence on their shares. They crowd into the same hall to attend lectures and balls. They go to the same theatres, and unite in local dramatic entertainments, the women usually a little quicker at their parts. They hold offices in the same savings bank and insurance company, the women subordinate clerkships, to be sure, but capable, if they had the same business training, of any place. Most significant of all, they go to the same political meetings, listen to the same stump speakers, and if a hot campaign comes, engage with the same passionateness in political debate, discussing men and measures at the street corners, and fighting it out around the family table, the household not infrequently divided against itself. In view of this, what patience can be had when some hardshell tells us that this is all so, but the heavens would fall, society would be ruined, the State would collapse, if the same women, once in March and once in November, should enter a decent town hall or ward room—all the more decent for their presence—walk to a ballot box, and put into it a piece of printed paper expressing in concrete form the results of their previous consideration?"

That question has grown more and more insistent. In a few weeks the voters of Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey will answer it at the polls. A. S. B.

THAT "BALANCE OF POWER"

Chivalry and logic are combined in the telling blows dealt by prominent members of the Men's League for Women Suffrage to some of the fantastic objections urged against it. In New Jersey, an opponent of equal rights lately declared that the Mormons hold the balance of power in the eight equal suffrage States of California, Idaho, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, Colorado, Washington and Oregon. Ex-Senator Everett Colby writes in the Newark News:

"There is no evidence whatever to support the assertion. The World's Almanac of 1912 gives the number of communicants in the Mormon Church as 356,000. The United States census of 1910 gives the combined population in those States as 5,920,815. It is foolish to suppose that 356,000 persons can hold the balance of power in a population of nearly 6,000,000, especially when every one knows that the great bulk of the Mormon population live in the single State of Utah. It is natural that Utah should be represented in the U. S. Senate by a Mormon, because a great majority of its people are Mormons. That the Mormons do not hold the balance of power in the other suffrage States is made clear by the fact that they never have elected a Congressman. No one of them has even elected a Mormon to any State office or had a Mormon as chairman of a State committee of any political party.

"If the Mormons hold the balance of power, it it strange that in no one of these States have any political rewards ever fallen to a Mormon. Let it be remembered, too, that there are 38,000,000 communicants of other churches in the United States. If these 38,000,000 cannot prevent 356,000 from Mormonizing them, then they deserve to be ruled by Mormons."

Senator Colby scouts the notion that there is "any relation whatever between the question of giving the ballot to women and giving plural wives to men." He adds: "Can any one picture the women of New Jersey rushing to the polls to vote in favor of sharing their husbands with others? Such statements bring ridicule upon those who make them."

As this objection is still heard occasionally among ill-informed persons, it may be well for suffragists to make a note of Senator Colby's facts and figures. A. S. B.

Advocates of the suffrage amendment could ask for no stronger boost for their cause than that given at Reading this week, when the Pennsylvania Federation of Liquor Dealers definitely aligned itself against votes for women and resolved to give financial aid to the campaign of the anti-suffragists. It is a great gain for the fighters in any cause to have their opponents come out into the open. There are plenty of people who have no sympathy with the extremists on the anti-liquor side, but who bitterly resent the attempt of the liquor trade to dominate political affairs.—Philadelphia Ledger, Aug. 20.

Mayor Thompson, of Chicago, says: "To my mind the most important accomplishment of woman's suffrage has been the elevation of politics generally to a higher and broader plane."

It is difficult to understand why women should grow heated and spiteful in their opposition to being given the ballot. If some one wished to hand a roll of bills to an anti-suffragist she perhaps would refuse it, but if the donor had good intentions she would not grow abnormally indignant.—New York Telegraph.

Lost by Martin H. Glynn in California during his visit to the Panama Fair, a perfectly vigorous prejudice against woman suffrage. In his speech at the Fair the Ex-Governor of New York announced that his stay in equal suffrage California meant the end of his opposition to votes for women.—Mrs. Anna Cadogan Etz.

SUFFRAGE WORK IN THE STATES

A Compilation of Recent Events in the Movement for Women's Enfranchisement Throughout the Union

The time has come when, in order that all women in this country may be politically free, they must be in close touch with one another. More than ever before, the women of each State must know the suffrage situation, not only in their own State, but also in every other State in the Union.

These pages of State news are presented as a clearing house for the suffragists of the whole country. Every State will be represented. The readers of The Woman's Journal are invited to send reports and clippings of all suffrage activity in their community; for in order to make this department valuable, a large amount of material from which to choose is needed. Criticism and corrections are invited.

Let us watch the work being done in each State in order that we may relate it to our own and to the whole movement.

IOWA

Though bound by many restrictions and rules, the suffragists found many ways of advertising the suffrage cause at the Iowa exposition, which draws thousands to Des Moines from all parts of the State. The cottage with its pennants, maps and varied decorations proclaimed the suffrage message and the suffrage color to all visitors. In response to the request of the suffragists, exhibitors in all parts of the grounds displayed "Votes for Women" pennants, and at a number of the cafés and eating houses the paper napkins bore the slogan in yellow.

The Votes for Women League of Des Moines voted at its last board meeting to support an organizer in the field until the close of the campaign in June. This league, within the last year, contributed a large share of the State budget. About $1,600 was realized from the special women's edition of the Register and Leader, which was edited by the league; $500 was the financial result of the lawn fete; $200 from the sale of calendars, and so on.

The Political Equality Club of Des Moines is anticipating big returns from the rummage bags, which is one means taken by this club to raise funds for the campaign. It is necessary that all clubs make a special effort to aid the State work that the budget may be sufficient to carry on a campaign that will spell victory at the June primaries.

Among the new suffrage clubs formed is one at Creston. This club has decided to take the suffrage canvas of the town in the near future. A voting booth at the county fair was also arranged.

The poll of the men and women, as regards their attitude toward suffrage, is being taken in a number of the counties and in the towns. Lee, Mahaska and Marshall are among the counties, and the towns include Dow City, Bridgewater, Dunlap, Greenfield and Peterson.

The W. C. T. U. of the 11th district, at the conclusion of its annual session at West Branch, went on record as strongly supporting the equal suffrage movement in Iowa.

TENNESSEE

A convention of the Tennessee Equal Suffrage Association, Incorporated, is to be held in Jackson the last week in October, and promises to be one of the most successful ever held in the State. Delegations from all over the State will be present, including those from Nashville, Memphis, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Murfreesboro, Tullahoma, Gallatin, Franklin, and from all leagues that may be formed between now and the time of the convention. Mrs. John M. Kenny, first vice-president of the Association, will preside over the convention. The coming State campaign will be discussed and a new board of State officers elected. Street meetings are to be a feature of the convention. Mr. Guilford Dudley and Mr. Joe Roach will represent the Nashville Men's League for Equal Suffrage.

Tennessee county fairs are now in progress, and suffragists are availing themselves of the "ready-made crowds" to make speeches and distribute suffrage literature.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

During the recent registration for school votes in Manchester, the question has arisen as to the right of husbands to register for their wives. City Solicitor Charles D. Barnard gave a decision that the law makes no distinction between men and women, and that "qualified voters" must visit the City Hall in person.

A suffrage float decorated with Votes for Women devices received second prize at the recent carnival of the East Jaffrey Country Club on Lake Contoocook. The boat was decorated by Mrs. P. P. Lawson, of the Somerville, Mass., Suffrage League, who represented the pioneer woman, and Miss Jennie Bowtell, of the W. P. U., of New York, who represented the modern woman in college cap and gown. The float was cordially received throughout the line of the procession.

Mrs. Frank Wilkins, of Washington, D. C., and Warner, N. H., is the newly elected president of the Warner Suffrage League. At a recent suffrage meeting held at her home, Miss Frances M. Abbott, of Concord, addressed an audience of forty women.

Former Congressman Raymond B. Stevens, of Landaff, addressed a suffrage meeting in the Landaff church last week.

MISSOURI

The Missouri suffragists are making every effort to raise some money to pay the expenses of Mrs. Walter McNab Miller for six weeks' work in the campaign States. This will be Missouri's contribution to the campaign.

There is but one disagreeably anti-suffrage newspaper in the State. Mrs. Helen L. Million, the recording secretary of the State Association, guards the suffragists from its attacks. Just as soon as it prints one of its offensive editorials Mrs. Million, who wields a trenchant pen and is an able debater, writes a reply that is printed far and wide. Recently this paper indulged in some remarks on the affirmative vote of Congressman Rucker in the last congress under the caption, "A Fallacious Fallacy." Taking his own heading, Mrs. Million made a fallacious fallacy out of his entire argument. There is no better sort of press work than this. It is better than spiking the enemies' guns. It is capturing them, base and all.

The blanks for the new initiative petition asking for the submission of an equal suffrage amendment at the fall election of 1916 are now in the hands of the printers. As soon as finished, they will be distributed among the women and circulated among the voters.

NORTH CAROLINA

Mrs. Al Fairbrother is the chairman of the Greensboro Equal Suffrage League. They are planning to give "Your Girl and Mine" Sept. 6.

WEST VIRGINIA

Following the action of the State Educational Association in strongly endorsing suffrage at the convention in Charleston many county teachers' institutes of the various counties are endorsing the pending suffrage amendment. Word has been received that the teachers of Jackson, Morgan and Gilmer counties took this action within the last few weeks.

Organization work will start up in earnest the first of September Dr. Harriet B. Jones, one of the best beloved and well known women of the State, has pledged one week a month to this branch of the work. Mrs. G. McIntire-Weaver, a prominent lawyer of Berkley Springs, is also donating a week a month from now on until the end of the campaign. Mrs. Weaver and Dr. Jones were the first women in the State to enter their respective professions.

November 16th, 17th and 18th have been selected as the dates for the State Convention at Huntington. Everybody is asked to boost and help make this last convention before election an unqualified success. Every affiliated association is entitled to two delegates to the convention for the first 25 members, and to one additional delegate for each additional 25 members. All suffragists are invited to attend this convention, but only accredited delegates have a vote.

The county fairs are being made good use of by the suffragists all over the State. The Pennsboro Fair in Ritchie county and the Parkersburg Fair have just been held. Thousands of pieces of literature were given out at these fairs, and hundreds of new members secured for the association. Fairmont, St. Albans, Spencer and Shepherdstown are now busily preparing for their respective fairs.

The Harrisville Baptist Association has passed a strong resolution favoring suffrage.

When Governor Hatfield recently addressed the annual encampment of National Guards in Parkersburg he spoke stirringly for woman suffrage. His address was heard not only by 1,500 guards but by thousands of civilians.

The State Association has for sale at Parkersburg headquarters attractive votes for women toys and balloons. These articles are not only good advertisements, but are excellent money makers for local leagues.

The latest organizations to be formed are at Kingwood, with Mrs. J. Ben Brady, leader; Davis with Mrs. Blanche S. Lashley, leader; Spencer, Mrs. Emma J. Rumble, leader; Pennsboro, Miss Minnie Lantz, leader.

Reports from the Eastern Panhandle show that sentiment is growing rapidly. Shepherdstown recently held a lawn fete which was unanimously declared the most successful public function ever given in that town. The assistants wore yellow caps, sashes and aprons. Suffrage has become so popular there that nearly all the young girls have joined the association.

OHIO

The Nineteenth Congressional District Conference, held at Warren, Aug. 25, representing the counties of Ashtabula, Trumbull and Mahoning, received a pledge, through the District Chairman, Miss Katharine C. Norris, of the vote for the Susan B. Anthony amendment of Congressman J. G. Cooper. A special resolution calling upon Senators Pomerene and Harding to support the amendment was adopted. Plans for better organization, for getting out the school vote, etc., were discussed. A resolution opposing the anti-party campaign was adopted with much enthusiasm.

The Woman Suffrage Party of Greater Cleveland is to be host to the State Convention, which is to be held in the assembly room of the Hotel Hollenden, Nov. 11 and 12. All delegates will be entertained in private homes and all will be the guests of the party at a big luncheon, which is to be the one social feature of the convention.

New enrollments to the number of 680 were secured by Bellefontaine suffragists at the Logan County Fair. They maintained a booth in Merchants Hall and distributed literature furnished by the State Board of Health on the better babies question and the anti-tuberculosis movement, as well as the suffrage fliers.

Cincinnati celebrated Lucy Stone's birthday with two street meetings, at which Mr. Edward Hitchens and Mrs. Geo. B. Twitchell were the speakers. There were large, attentive and respectful audiences at both places, one meeting being at the corner of Court and Wesley avenues, the other at Fifth and Race streets. The meetings were advertised by passing hand bills on the streets the day previous.

On August 26 the West End Political Equality League, of Cincinnati, had a basket picnic and dance.

WISCONSIN

The secretaries of Wisconsin County Fair Associations respond cordially to the proposition of a woman suffrage speaker at the annual fair sessions, and arrangements are made for many such addresses. Mrs. Helen Haight, Waukesha, will fill a large number of those engagements. Mrs. Henry M. Youmans, president, Miss Ada James, and Mrs. O. J. Little are also listed as fair speakers.

Congressman Irvine Lenroot, who is filling a series of Chautauqua engagements, writes that he speaks in favor of woman suffrage in every address he gives.

The Woman's Community Club of Owen heard their first speech on woman suffrage the other day, the address being given by Mrs. O. J. Little. At its close the club enthusiastically endorsed woman suffrage.

MAINE

The Trefethen Evergreen Association of Portland Harbor granted a suffrage booth at their annual fair to the Portland Suffrage Association. Miss Emily T. Howe was manager, assisted by Miss Jessie Trefethen and the Misses Jessie and Elsie McAuslan. Suffrage literature was distributed, and each visitor received a Votes for Women button.

Congressman John A. Peters corrects the recent report in the Journal that he did not vote for suffrage in the State Legislature. Mr. Peters has not only supported the Federal amendment but cast a favorable vote when speaker of the Maine House in 1913.

The Rev. Arthur Weatherby, of Lincoln, Neb., was the speaker at a suffrage meeting on the piazza of the Farnsworth Cottage, Cape Elizabeth, last week.

MINNESOTA

Minnesota is to give her State organizer, Mrs. Marie McMahon, who has been working along the Southern tier of counties for several months, to New York for September and October, paying her expenses, and also Mrs. Maud McCreery, who was to have spoken at county fairs throughout Minnesota in September. Mrs. David F. Simpson, one of the State's best speakers, will give the month of October to the New York campaign.

A new and spacious booth is being erected for the suffragists at the State fair grounds and it is expected to be a busy and attractive place during fair week.

A garden party for the benefit of the State work was given at the home of Mrs. Andreas Ueland, president of the State W. S. A., the afternoon and evening of Aug. 20, by the six suffrage clubs of Minneapolis. The party proved a great success from every viewpoint, netting the association $500.

Among the attractions were a burlesque track meet, a country store, a white elephant booth, a Norwegian booth and candy and flower stands. Swedish and fancy dances were given, and the suffrage play, "How the Vote Was Won," was presented.

RHODE ISLAND

A successful mass meeting for the employees of the L. B. Darling Fertilizer Co. plant was arranged by Miss Althea Hall, of Pawtucket, last week. Mrs. George E. Dunbar and Mrs. Jerome M. Fittz were the speakers. The men painted the "Keep off the grass" signs yellow and added "Votes for Women." The management of the plant ordered the whistles blown a half hour before regular closing time, and hundreds of men stood interested and spellbound for more than an hour during the speeches.

The Newport County Woman Suffrage League held a meeting last Saturday at the home of Mrs. James Griswold Wentz at Beaumaris, Wickham Road. Mrs. Maud Wood Park and other prominent speakers made addresses.

ILLINOIS

A number of prominent Chicago suffragists motored out to the summer home of Mrs. Julius Loeb at Flossmoor last week for an all-day picnic. Each woman paid $1 for the privilege of riding, whether it was in her own machine or some friend's. Mrs. Loeb served coffee, salad and ice cream, and Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout baked her famous suffrage cake for the occasion. To add to the gaiety of the day, the cake was auctioned off at five cents a bite, and flowers from Mrs. Loeb's garden were also sold to increase the financial budget. The total raised was $40, which will go to the New Jersey campaign fund.

Suffragists of Chicago are busy with plans for a suffrage auto ride through the parks and boulevards, Sept. 4. The automobiles will have an official escort of motorcycle policemen through the courtesy of Chief of Police Healey.

After touring the parks the suffragists will go to the home of Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout in Oak Park, where Mrs. Trout will serve coffee and sandwiches in the garden.

The executive committee in charge of the day consists of Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout, Mrs. Harriet S. Thompson, Mrs. William Severin, Mrs. Joanna Downes, Mrs. Laura Fixen, Mrs. Ella Nagely.

LAST TWO MONTHS OF CAMPAIGN BEGIN

Bay State Labor Federation Helps

The Massachusetts branch of the American Federation of Labor has addressed a letter to all the local labor unions throughout the State announcing that the American Federation of Labor has taken a stand in favor of woman suffrage in this State. The letter is part of the plan of the labor organizations of the State to enter into a vigorous campaign in behalf of the suffrage amendment which will be voted for at the polls this fall. It bears the official signatures of Edward S. Alden, president of the State branch, and Martin T. Joyce, secretary-treasurer of the State organization.

The letter is as follows:

The American Federation of Labor has taken a firm stand in favor of woman suffrage in Massachusetts. As you probably know, our honored national president, Samuel Gompers, has already advocated the extension of suffrage to women as one of the necessary advancements in the cause of union labor. Laboring men without votes do not have the same standing in the community as laboring men who have votes to cast for public officials favorable to organized and efficient labor. If this holds true for men, it also holds true for women.

"Every labor man who has a wife can double his potential strength as a voter if his wife goes to the polls and registers her votes in favor of the man who, in her opinion, will make the best laws for her and her children.

"Please read this letter at your next meeting, bringing to the attention of the brothers in your local union the necessity for individual work in favor of the woman suffrage amendment, and asking them to let no discussion of woman suffrage, whether formal or informal, pass by without a statement of the position of organized labor. Also please make a point of distributing the enclosed literature among the men. We have carefully gone over these pamphlets and can vouch for their accuracy in every way.

"It looks as though Massachusetts is going to be carried for woman suffrage. This will be one of the greatest victories ever attained by labor men in the State."

A suffrage float was entered by Mrs. Frederick Lufkin of Watertown in the Waltham Carnival given in honor of the visiting Governors last week and witnessed by over 100,000 people. The Metropolitan Park Commission ruled that the words "Woman Suffrage" were of a political nature and could not be permitted. The word "Victory" was substituted.

Every county in the State was represented at the county conference last week in Boston.

Four methods of work were emphasized: The covering of the polls at the primaries on September 21, the attendance and work at the fairs throughout the State, the parade in Boston in October, and the speakers who are being sent to various parts of the State.

Berkshire county suffragists will participate in the Labor Day parade in Pittsfield. They will enter several automobiles and maybe a float.

Plans for Labor Day in Springfield were discussed at the regular meeting of the equal suffrage league this week. Mrs. R. S. Brooks, chairman of the committee for that day, told of the plans already under way, and it was decided to keep "open house" at the rooms on Worthington street during the day, there being some of the members present to welcome all those who care to take advantage of the hospitality of the league.

Mrs. H. M. Bowden is planning to attend the various fairs in Hampden County, although towns in the vicinity of each are to take principal charge of the matter. Blandford, Willimansett, Woronoco, Northampton and Palmer fairs are the ones in the territory cared for by Mrs. Bowden.

Mrs. Susan Walker Fitzgerald of Boston spoke at a midnight suffrage rally at the gates of the Tatonic Mills in Springfield last week. The rally was for the benefit of the night workers of the plant, who take a short lunch hour at that time.

New York to Have Yellow Rallies

The Woman Suffrage Party has planned a series of night parades for September, to be known as "Yellow Rallies." They will be torchlight affairs, and the marchers are to wear yellow capes and carry yellow lanterns. The plan originated with Mrs. Norman Whitehouse.

The upper East Side will have its yellow rally Sept. 4, starting at 7.45 P. M., at First avenue and Sixtieth street. The lower East Side rally is postponed from Sept. 18 to Oct. 2, as the former date is a Jewish holy day. This parade will form at Seward Park at 7.45 P. M., and will proceed to Union Square, where there will be speeches. Harlem will have a yellow rally Sept. 23, forming at Claremont avenue.

Brooklyn is to have two rallies under Mrs. H. Edward Dreier. The first, on Sept. 11, will start at Warwick and Fulton streets and end at the Hebrew Educational Alliance Building. The second will be on Sept. 18, and will start from the Williamsburg Plaza and march to Carnegie Library.

A suffrage headquarters for colored people was opened this week by the Woman Suffrage Party at 207 West 63d street. Miss Lydia Newman is in charge, and will canvass among voters in the neighborhood for colored speakers at open-air meetings, volunteer canvassers, and workers who will assist in sending out literature. Miss Newman hopes to get the 20,000 registered colored voters of the city to vote for the suffrage amendment.

Mrs. Ida Husted Harper will spend September and October helping the campaign.

Miss Katherine Dreier, chairman of the German-American Committee of the Woman Suffrage Party, announced this week that since Aug. 2 the membership of her committee had increased from 1,645 to 2,391. The committee has attended twenty German picnics. A big ball is to be given at Ebling's Casino next month.

The most brilliant festival of the season for suffrage will be under the auspices of the Woman Suffrage Party at Greystone-on-Hudson, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, on Sept. 11. It will be a garden party, and the Woman Suffrage Party and its German-American Committee will be the beneficiaries. There will be a special musical program, and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and Mrs. Raymond Robbins will speak.

So many and such varying rumors have been afloat concerning the straw votes on suffrage taken in fifteen New York towns after the debates between Miss Helen Todd, of California, and Miss Lucy Price, of Ohio, on the Chautauqua lecture circuit, that Miss Todd recently gave out a sworn statement of the exact majorities for and against votes for women in each of the towns:

MAJORITY FOR SUFFRAGE	
Perry	39
Leroy	135
Batavia	164
Buckport	110
Albion	148
Lyndenville	195
Honeoye Falls	72
Canandaigua	96
Cortland	106
Green	51
Walton	188
MAJORITY AGAINST SUFFRAGE	
Ovid	68
Moravia	70
Cazenovia	—
Hamilton	27
Vote begun	Perry, June 25
Discontinued	Walton, July 13

New Jersey Has Big Meetings

One of the most important events of the summer's campaign was the monster suffrage rally held in the ball room of the Essex and Sussex Hotel at Spring Lake last week. Dr. Anna H. Shaw spoke to an audience of from 1200 to 1500 persons, and several hundred were turned away for want of seating capacity. Over $2,000 was raised for the cause, one woman alone giving $1,000. It was said to be the wealthiest assemblage ever to hear a suffrage address in the State, and included many well known people.

A recent election in Dover township, N. J., brought forty women and fourteen men to the polls. The election was on the question of voting $5,000 to improve the schools, one of the few matters on which Jersey women may vote. It certainly answered any question in that part of the State as to whether women would vote if they had the chance.

Miss Emily Pierson and her corps of workers from the W. P. U. concluded a successful campaign in Passaic last week by a mass meeting of fully 3,000 people who gathered to hear Dr. Shaw. The mayor of the city attended and announced his belief in suffrage and his hope for victory on Oct. 19. The meeting was well advertised by the suffrage camel, imported from Newark for that purpose.

Mrs. Minnie J. Reynolds sends the following "Appeal For New Jersey":

"The final weeks of the New Jersey campaign are here. Through the long, hot days of the summer the Women's Political Union has campaigned at high pressure and without relaxation. Its field squadrons, under the charge of Miss Emily Pierson, Miss Alyse Gregory and Miss Agnes Campbell, have covered Warren, Hunterdon, Passaic, Morris, Burlington, Union and Somerset Counties. Each squadron has its tent and automobile. They have held more than a thousand great outdoor meetings. They have sold thousands of buttons and suffrage novelties, and distributed 20,000 suffrage flyers a day. They have organized and worked up in the course of these campaigns great theatre meetings along the coast and elsewhere, with Dr. Shaw, Rabbi Wise and other speakers of national fame.

"The Union definitely abandoned any further organising of branches last spring. Since the bill achieved its final passage every ounce of its strength has been devoted to hard, persistent campaigning. A proof of the way in which its work has commended itself to New Jersey people is the way in which they have come to its aid. After its Monmouth County campaign Mrs. Lewis Thompson, of Red Bank, put Miss Constance Greenwalt into that county as campaigner till the end of the campaign, providing her with an automobile. Miss Gertrude Richards has been left in the same way in Bergen County with a car provided by members of the Union. The Union owns or controls four other cars. It paid bills of $3,000 in July, $4,000 in August. It should have $10,000 to spend in the last six weeks of the campaign.

"Essex County, in which Newark is situated, polls more than one-quarter of the vote of the State. Sept. 1, all the Union's workers will gather into this county, together with volunteers who come to us from various parts of the country. The slogan is "a meeting to every block." A canvass of the city of Newark will be finished, and the suffrage gospel taken to every inhabitant. The campaign will wind up with great mass meetings, with speakers of national fame.

"If anyone wants to help win the Jersey campaign we ask them to contribute to the Women's Political Union, 79 Halsey street, Newark. The money will be well spent. A vote won in Jersey is a vote in New York and Pennsylvania too, because our election comes Oct. 19. Minnesota sent us a splendid check for $400. We ask the help of every suffragist to help win Jersey."

MARYLAND

Mrs. Edna S. Latimer of Baltimore and Mrs. E. J. Kirby of Trappe conducted an active campaign at the fair in Cambridge last week. Their meetings, held from a gayly-decorated wagon, instead of a regular booth, drew large crowds each day, and many new members were secured.

At the Glenburnie Carnival last week the Anne Arundel County Just Government League, of which Mrs. Robert Moss is president, decided this year not to use booth space, but to keep a large corps of workers on the grounds, distributing literature and reaching people who would not ordinarily stop at a booth. Mrs. B. J. Byrne, Mrs. C. D. Warfield, Mrs. S. J. Poe and Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Ramey and other Anne Arundel county suffragists assisted Mrs. Moss. Suffrage speeches were a feature of the Carnival.

A prominent anti-suffragist says it is uncertain whether the person who has done the greatest harm in the world is the Kaiser or Jane Addams. That sort of talk ought to make votes for woman suffrage.

Telephone Day Held in Pittsburgh

The Equal Franchise Federation of Pittsburgh observed Aug. 31 as Suffrage Telephone Day, in view of the fact that registration days for voters are Sept. 2, 7 and 11.

A postal card to all members said: "Will you not telephone your grocer, your baker, your plumber and the men of your acquaintance and ask them to vote for the suffrage amendment? If you are a customer of any man you have a strong hold on that man. Telephone him and tell him you want his support. Remember that all the speeches that can be made will not come home to the voter unless his vote is personally solicited."

Miss Lillian Russell, the actress, is to take charge of the ticket selling on Suffrage Day at Forbes Field in Pittsburgh, Sept. 16. On this day a five dollar note will be given to each player who has made a home run on the home diamond this season.

The suffrage Liberty Bell continues to meet with hearty welcome all along its route. Last week it was in Monroe County, where it was the center of several mass meetings and other suffrage demonstrations. Later it was turned over to Carbon County suffragists, led by Mrs. William R. Butler, county chairman of the W. S. P.

The W. S. P. is conducting a large suffrage booth at the County Fair held at Byberry this week. The booth will have a rest room for women, an interesting suffrage game, and refreshments will be served. The committee in charge includes Mrs. George Piersol, president of the Woman Suffrage party of Pennsylvania, and Dr. Eleanor Moore, also of the Woman Suffrage party.

Miss Edna A. Osler of Seaford, Del., a niece of Dr. William Osler of Baltimore, has joined the Equal Franchise Society of Philadelphia and is going shortly to Allentown, Penn., to campaign for votes for women. A cousin of ex-Governor Folk of Missouri, Miss Helen L. M. Folk, has also joined the suffrage party.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union gives its heartiest support to the suffrage cause, and the State president, Mrs. Ella M. George, did active suffrage work at Chautauqua, N. Y., during Women's Week. The State convention is to be held in York early in October.

In answer to an appeal of the Pennsylvania Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage and a table headed "Woman Suffrage Has Been Defeated by Popular Vote," which appeared in the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph, Aug. 25, the following was immediately sent by Mr. C. P. Crumb, a member of the Men's League of Pennsylvania:

"Woman Suffrage Has Been Acclaimed by Popular Vote.

"Is Equal Suffrage Coming or Going?

(A cut of the suffrage map follows.)

"Note the direction of the wedge.

"Let the Map Speak: You Be the Judge.

"And if you deem your Mother, Wife or Sister worthy of a voice in the affairs of Her Government, Vote Yes on Woman Suffrage—Amendment No. 1 next November."

THE LADDER

(Continued from page 281.)

Miss Ida Haight	8
Mrs. J. S. Jay	8
Mrs. Ella A. Kilbourne	8
Mrs. Thomas W. Phillips	7
Mrs. Jane Bliss Potter	7
Mrs. James M. Smith	7
Mrs. Angie Bonner	7
Miss Ida Jernekes	7
Mrs. Laura C. Burgess	7
Miss M. P. Saunders	7
Mrs. F. W. Farrar	7
Miss M. H. Cook	7
Miss Helen P. Holmes	7
Miss Elizabeth Breen	7
Miss Florence A. Brown	7
Miss Nancy Flagg	7
Miss Lucy G. Shelby	7
Miss Harriet Noble	7
Mrs. Edwin H. Frost	7
Mrs. F. W. Gentleman	7
Mrs. O. P. Bourland	7
Miss C. M. Flanagan	7
Mrs. P. H. Foster	7
Mrs. Samuel Fraser	7
Mrs. G. W. Hiett	7
Mrs. E. L. Hutchinson	7
Mrs. Grace E. P. Marot	7
Miss Ruey Roe	7
Mrs. D. L. Sherwood	6
Mrs. H. C. Thayer	6
Miss Louise M. Webb	6
Mrs. Madeleine Whitney	6
Mrs. D. C. Brown	6
Mrs. George B. Morse	6
Miss Margaret Wells	6
Mrs. F. A. Martin	6
Miss Janet L. Gorton	6
Mrs. E. H. Brooks	6
Mrs. Byam	6
Miss Sophie G. Stewart	6
Mrs. L. S. Gallihar	6
Mrs. L. R. Schley	6
Miss Margaret Preston	6
Mrs. Arthur Hunter	6
Miss M. Eleanor Braskenridge	6
Mrs. Grace H. Swartz	6
Mrs. Bertha B. Hancock	6
Mrs. M. Van Meter	6
Miss H. W. Colles	6
Mrs. E. F. Feickert	6
Miss Laura Hurd Baily	6
Mrs. M. B. Brewster	6
Mrs. L. C. Campbell	6
Mrs. Eliza C. Church	6
Mrs. E. W. Clarke	6
Miss Flora Dunlap	6
Mrs. Sterling A. Filmer	6
Mrs. A. S. Gitterman	6
Mrs. Esther Fiske Hammond	6
Mrs. Mary S. A. Jenkins	6
Miss Selma McComas	6
Mrs. Jennie E. Pierce	6
Mrs. C. L. Riley	6
Mrs. Julia A. Sears	6
Dr. Sarah M. Siewers	6
Mrs. Fred C. Spencer	6
Mrs. C. G. Voorhees	6
Miss Marion S. Miller	5
Mrs. L. A. Scott	5
Mrs. J. H. Sweeny	5
Mrs. Mary D. Webster	5
Mrs. Harriet T. Treadwell	5
Mrs. G. L. Phillips	5
Mrs. Martha A. Beecher	5
Mrs. E. N. Collins	5
Mrs. W. D. Drake	5
Mrs. Cynthia K. Farr	5
Mrs. Elizabeth A. D. Foote	5
Mrs. Mary C. Hickox	5
Mrs. A. H. Krause	5
Miss Sadie Passig	5
Mrs. Mary C Hasslock	5
Mrs. G. R. Schenck	5
Miss Bernette Bacheler	5
Mrs. Anna B. Cunningham	5
Mrs. Frances P. Lytle	5
Miss Ida M. Thompson	5
Mrs. Mary E. Allen	5
Mrs. R. E. Umbel	5
Mrs. H. W. Cannon	5
Mrs. Mabel Churchill	5
Miss Charlotte Grube	5
Mrs. O. E. Butterfield	5
Mrs. Lyman Chalkley	5
Mrs. Eliza W. Avery	5
Mrs. G. A. Barrett	5
Mrs. L. C. M. Blackmon	5
Miss Eleanor Blackmur	5
Mrs. C. Chandler Blake	5
Miss Aura Wing Coburn	5
Mrs. L. D. H. Cowling	5
Mrs. F. J. Cronk	5
Miss Carrie Florida	5
Miss Irene Henderson	5
Mrs. Whitney Hotstetter	5
Miss Katherine Koch	5
Mrs. F. P. Macdaniel	5
Mrs. W. S. Merrill	5
Mrs. W. H. Millard	5
Mrs. M. M. S. Moriarty	5
Miss Harriet Ena Mortan	5
Mrs. Elizabeth L. Morton	5
Mrs. Hannah E. Patchin	5
Miss Helen C. Pitman	5
Mrs. L. M. Rowbosham	5
Miss Bertha Sauer	5
Miss Anna C. Shaw	5
Miss Alice Shelborne	5
Mrs. A. E. S. Taylor	5
Mrs. G. Ulrich	5
Miss Sara Wadsworth	5
Mrs. J. L. White	5
Mrs. S. M. Wilson	5

HONORABLE MENTION

(Continued from page 281.)

Mrs. Edna E. Chynoweth	2
Mrs. L. N. Clarke, Jr.	1
Miss S. A. Clark	1
Mrs. W. Jerome Chambers	1
Mrs. Alice Clarke	1
Mr. Edward P. Clarke	2
Mrs. Grace Julian Clarke	1
Miss Lavinia Clarke	4
Mrs. Georgia Cobb	3
Miss Bessie Coffin	1
Mrs. John T. Cogan	2
Miss J A. Collins	3
Miss Katherine Collins	1
Mrs. Katherine B. Collins	1
Miss Lizzie Collins	3
Mrs. F. H. Colvin	1
Mrs. E. L. Cooper	1
Miss Mary Crangle	1
Mrs. Martha S. Cranston	2
Dr. Mary Alice Crehore	2
Miss Dazie H. Crook	3
Mrs. Florence H. Crowell	1
Miss Rosamond Danielson	1
Miss Julia F. Darling	1
Dr. F. A. De Ford	2
Mrs. Elizabeth T. Delano	1
Miss Adelaide Deming	3
Miss Mary R. De Vou	4
Mrs. E. J. M. Dickens	1
Mrs. H. R. Downs	1
Miss K. S. Driscoll	1
Miss Lilyan F. Dudson	2
Mrs. Charles Dunlap	1
Mrs. H. M. Dunlap	3
Mrs. Max Ebenhahn	1
Mrs. Thomas B. Ellis	1
Miss Alice W. Emerson	1
Mrs. Winifred A. Erickson	3
Mrs. C. E. Etter	3
Miss Amy M. Evans	2
Mrs. Robert D. Evans	1
Miss L. Fant	2
Mrs. Eugenia B. Farmer	1
Mrs. Frances Farrell	2
Mrs. Sterling Filmer	4
Miss Dorsie Fisher	4
Mrs. C. B. Flagg	3
Mrs. L. E. Fletcher	2
Mrs. William Floyd	2
Mrs. C. M. Folger	4
Mrs. A. B. Foster	2
Miss Anna B. Foster	1
Miss Isabel Foster	1
Mrs. W. E. Fowler	2
Mrs. Lutie Fox	1
Mrs. Annie W. Franchot	2
Miss Thyra Frandsen	1
Mrs. Benjamin Franklin	4
Miss Eliza W. Fuller	1
Miss Inez Fuller	1
Mrs. Mary T. L. Gannett	2
Mrs. F. J. Garrison	2
Mrs. P. Garrison	1
Mrs. Suzanne E. Gaston	1
Mrs. C. B. Galbreath	1
Mrs. L. R. Geissler	3
Mrs. W. A. George	2
Mrs. G. Gilpatrick	3
Miss Lydia Gilpin	2
Mrs. A. S. Gitterman	1
Miss Cleona Glass	2
Miss Agnes Godfrey	1
Mrs. M. E. Goentner	2
Mrs. Howard Graham	1
Mrs. C. W. Graves	1
Miss Annie S. Grant	2
Mrs. B. A. Greene	1
Mrs. J. B. Greenleaf	3
Mrs. Elizabeth P. Griest	4
Mrs. C. A. Griscom	1
Mrs. Amy Gunderson	1
Mrs. Mamie Gunderson	2
Mrs. M. L. Hageman	3
Mrs. Sarah B. Haigh	2
Miss Lena M. Hale	2
Mrs. D. W. Hallenbeck	3
Mrs. Suse L. Harper	1
Mrs. J. A. E. Haugh	4
Mrs. Josephine Hayden	1
Miss Alice Hayes	1
Miss F. Hayward	2
Miss Mary Smith Hayward	4
Miss Gertrude M. Healy	1
Mrs. Jennie Clare Heath	1
Miss Ida M. Hebbard	1
Mrs. O. C. Heilman	1
Mrs. Carl F. Heinzen	3
Miss Mildred Hicks	4
Miss Lozira Higgins	2
Miss Myra E. Hill	1
Mrs. R. B. Hill	1
Miss Ruth Wood Hoag	1
Miss Grace Agnes Hood	1
Miss Jessie L. Hood	1
Miss Katherine Hosmer	1
Mrs. Howard W. Howe	3
Mrs. B. A. Howes	1
Miss Emily Howland	1
Mrs. Erna Husman	4
Miss Edith Hunt	1
Mrs. Waldo Hutchinson	1
Mrs. Rilie Ibach	1
Mrs. George S. Jackson	1
Miss Alice R. James	1
Dean M. Jenkins	2
Miss Lulu Hines Jenkins	2
Mrs. E. C. Jeffrey	3
Mrs. Clifton Johnson	1
Mrs. Elsie S. Johnson	2
Mrs. Katherine Hamlen Jones	1
Mrs. E. A. Judd	3
Mrs. E. H. Kauffman	2
Mrs. E. Kamori	1
Mrs. Annie G. Kelley	4
Miss Alice Kendall	1
Mrs. Charles Keyes	1
Mrs. Paul Keene	1
Mrs. Annie E. Kelley	1
Miss Emma King	1
Mrs. William Neil King	1
Mrs. O. Kirkpatrick	3
Miss Sara T. Lafferts	1
Mrs. Anna Gay Lake	2
Mrs. Paul Lansing	1
Mrs. John C. Lee	1
Miss Harriet W. Larkin	1
Miss Ellen Kemble Lente	1
Miss Edith K. Leonard	4
Mrs. H. A. Letson	1
Mrs. E. C. Linn	2
Mrs. Sarah T. Loomis	2
Miss Edythe Herbert Little	4
Mrs. Florence W. Lowe	1
Mrs. Sarah H. Longstreth	2
Mrs. Julia S. Lucky	2
Mrs. S. Lund	1
Mrs. C. G. Lyman	2
Miss Alice P. Lyon	2
Mrs. Amy C. Lyseth	2
Mrs. B. M. Lyttle	4
Mrs. J. McArdle	2
Mrs. M. W. McCallam	2
Miss Laura V. McCloskey	1
Mrs. Florence E. McConnell	3
Mrs. M. E. McCumber	3
Mrs. Robert McGown	2
Miss Ethel MacKenzie	1
Mrs. Powell Macy	2
Miss M. A. Marshall	1
Mrs. Florence S. Martin	2
Mrs. Annie E. Merritt	1
Mrs. Lewis Miles	3
Mrs. Carrie Milligan	1
Miss Ethel R. Mirick	2
Mrs. Lillian C. Moller	2
Mrs. Ella C. Moore	3
Mrs. J. W. Moore	4
Miss Valene Moore	1
Mrs. L. L. Morse	2
Mrs. Emma Theresa Moses	2
Miss Adeline W. Nail	1
Miss Elizabeth Nelson	2
Miss Eva Nelson	3
Mrs. Regina A. Niehaus	1
Mrs. F. J. Norton	2
Mrs. J. Lorimer Ogden	2
Miss Elizabeth R. Olmstead	1
Miss Marion D. O'Neil	1
Mrs. John G. Ordway	2
Miss Fanny C. Osgood	1
Mrs. L. L. M. Otis	1
Mrs. E. E. Palmer	2
Mrs. Maude Wood Park	1
Mrs. Anna Perry Parker	1
Mrs. E. B. Passmore	1
Mrs. E. L. Patch	2
Mrs. G. W. Patterson	3
Mrs. C. A. Patton	2
Miss S. Adelia Penfield	4
Dr. Sophia Penfield	1
Mrs. C. I. Pettingell	2
Miss Margaret Pfannebecker	1
Mrs. Emily Phillips	2
Mrs. Irma Erwin Poppler	2
Mrs. A. Martin Pierce	1
Miss J. Isabel Porch	1
Mrs. Julia H. Porter	1
Miss Eva Sherwood Potter	2
Mrs. Horace M. Poynter	3
Mrs. Elma M. Preston	4
Mrs. Etta Prunty	2
Miss Anna Putnam	3
Mrs. K. E. Quinn	1
Mrs. A. E. Ream	2
Mrs. B. B. Reid	1
Miss A. A. Richards	2
Miss Annie Riordan	1
Mrs. Neill Roach	1
Mrs. Elizabeth R. Robinson	2
Miss Helen Rose	3
Mrs. C. L. Ross	4
Mrs. Harriet J. Rowerth	1
Mrs. Susan Fiske Rumsey	2
Mrs. J. W. Ryan	2
Dr. Margaret L. Sabin	2
Miss Anna Schumacher	3
Mrs. Theodore Sedgwick	1
Mrs. E. J. Seifirt	2
Mrs. M. G. Sexton	2
Mrs. M. L. Sewall	1
Mr. Frank S. Shankland	1
Mrs. Katherine D. Sharp	2
Mrs. J. E. Sheppard	2
Mrs. C. S. Sharp	1
Miss Eliza R. Sigsbee	2
Mrs. Minot Simons	2
Miss Florence Skeffington	1
Dr. S. L. Smalley	2
Miss Agnes G. Smith	3
Mrs. Mary Cale Smith	4
Miss Lavinia M. Snow	1
Miss Alice Speaks	1
Mrs. Ford C. Spencer	4
Miss Grace Stevens	1
Friiulein Antonia Stolle	1
Miss Eva C. Streeter	4
Mrs. Lydia B. Streib	3
Mrs. Grace Van Alstine Taylor	3
Mrs. Isaac M. Taylor	3
Miss Mary E. Terry	2
Mrs. O. D. Thomas	1
Miss Dorothy C. Thompson	1
Mrs. J. S. Thompson	1
Mrs. K. Thyng	1
Miss Annie E. Trumbull	2
Miss V. P. Tufts	2
Mrs. George B. Twitchell	4
Miss Emma Wells	1
Miss Hortense Ward	1
Mrs. W. L. Wellington	1
Mrs. J. A. Welsh	2
Mrs. Grace M. Wheeler	2
Mrs. E. A. Whittier	2
Mrs. W. F. Wight	2
Mrs. Annie G. Williams	3
Miss Jennie L. Wilson	1
Mrs. Lena Morse-Wilson	3
Mrs. James Terry White	1
Dr. Marion L. Woodward	3
Mrs. F. O. Young	2
Mrs. George Yunker	4
Mrs. C. P. Ziller	1

TEXAS

The mayor of Dallas recently requested all public-spirited citizens to send a Dallas picture postcard to the mayor of Philadelphia, urging him to route the Liberty Bell by way of their city on its return from the exposition. The Dallas Equal Suffrage Association readily responded with this message: "As the Liberty Bell is so significant of what the women of Texas most desire,—political freedom,—we urge you to send the bell by way of Dallas." The request has been granted.

The Association is planning to have a decorated suffrage car in the civic parade to be given the opening day of the State Fair, Oct. 16. Oct. 23 is to be Equal Suffrage day at the fair, when all of the State officers will be present for a big suffrage celebration.

Somebody says few women want to vote. Well, it often happens in an election that more than half the men refuse to vote. But if one man or woman wants to exercise the right to vote, what earthly reason is there for denying it, because other men and women do not want to exercise it? If I desire to breathe the fresh air of heaven, shall I not cross my threshold because the rest of the family group prefer the stale atmosphere indoors?—Hon. John D. Long.

Billy Sunday says he believes in woman suffrage because he is "in favor of anything the devil is against."

AN OLD RELIABLE Publishing House desires the services of a well educated woman, over 25, to follow up leads and call on selected prospects for well known publication. We advertise and circularize, and teach you how to represent us in a dignified manner. If you cannot make $20 a week do not apply. Box 22, Back Bay P. O., Boston.

To Authors and Publishers:

We are printers of many well known publications, among them "The Woman's Journal." If you have a book or a booklet, a magazine or a newspaper to bring out, write us. Open day and night.

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Suffrage Exchange

Is Your Want Here?

The suffrage exchange is a medium of business communications between suffragists. Two cents a word with a minimum of fifteen words.

FOUR ROOMS, arranged for housekeeping. Fine air, beautiful view; three minutes from street cars, ten from steam cars. $16 per month. Address Mrs. F. M. Adkinson, 10 Fairview St., Dorchester, Mass.

GENTLEWOMEN—Superb Toilet Articles and Rubber Goods by mail. Illustrated book of aids to health and beauty free. Mme. Drake Nekarda, 309 Broadway, New York. (38)

FINANCIAL.

LET ME LOAN your money on first mortgage, Warren, Ohio at 6, 6½, and 7 per cent. References Western Reserve Bank or Second National Bank. All my clients are suffragists. Never have had to foreclose a mortgage. Harriet Taylor Upton, Warren, Ohio. (36)

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LESSONS IN ORATORY, Public speaking, self-confidence, efficiency and deep breathing. Write for appointment. Private School of Oratory and Efficiency, 24 Rutland Square, Boston. (tf)

SITUATIONS.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED for U. S. Government life jobs. $65 to $150 month. Vacations with full pay. No Layoffs. Short hours. Common education sufficient. "Pull" unnecessary. Write immediately for free list of positions now obtainable. Franklin Institute. Dept. B 124, Rochester, N. Y. (38)

How Can I Help the Campaigns?

EVEN though you cannot make campaign speeches to help the four 1915 campaigns win, even though you may live thousands of miles away, still there is a direct way in which you can win votes in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts *right now*. In each of these states *you* must know several voters. Send each man of them one of the Journal's "If you are ——" postcards. Coming from one whom he knows, it will have all the more effect.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING POSTCARDS.

Note the occupation of each man you know and order the specially prepared postcard from The Woman's Journal.

For trade union men, use "Working Men Help."

For other working-men, use "If You Are a Working Man."

For lawyers, use either "If You Are Interested in Political Questions," or "If You Are a Business Man," according to whether his interest is greater in politics or business.

For ministers, doctors, farmers, educators, policemen, firemen, traveling men, postmen, business men, use the cards especially prepared for each.

For men who are particularly interested in the war, use "Arms versus Armies."

For bankers use "If You Are a Business Man."

For politicians use "If You Are Interested in Political Questions."

When you are not sure about the voter's occupation these are more general and will answer the questions that voters are asking: "Do Women Want to Vote?" "A Statement by Judge Lindsey," "An Object Lesson," "Think on These Things," and "The Meaning of the Suffrage Map."

Prices: Complete set, postpaid, 12c. Single cards, 1c. each. By the dozen postpaid, 10c. Per hundred, postpaid, 60c. Per thousand, postpaid, $5.

THE WOMAN'S JOURNAL and SUFFRAGE NEWS
585 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON, MASS.

HORRORS OF WAR MADE HIM SEE

Dr. Williams Believed in Suffrage After He Saw 560 Lives Snuffed Out

Dr. Albert R. Williams, who was special commissioner for the Outlook with five armies during the war, was lecturing at a village Chautauqua near Detroit, says a recent editorial in the Detroit News. Upon a screen he threw a picture of the excavation made by one shell—"a shell does not only alter the landscape; it alters geography"—and told how that excavation became, in an instant of time, the grave of 560 men.

Then upon the screen appeared a photograph of a part of the remains of those men as they had been gathered together for interment; poor, clotted, broken human kindling. He told how the Red Cross trains, speeding from battlefields to base hospitals, drip blood as an ice wagon drips water. He showed cords upon cords of human bodies piled up in every conceivable contortion of agony and hasty handling.

And then he said: "Before the first long echo of the exploding shell had split the air 500 lives were snuffed out. Blood-soaked fragments of flesh came raining down like crimson dew . . . But I thought of all that had gone to the making of these men. I thought how for each one of them a mother had gone down to the very valley of the shadow of death to give him life. I thought of their baby years, carefully tended. I thought of the sacrifices that went to their rearing, and their schooling, and to give them a start in life. I thought of their own young families. I thought of each as a center of some circle's hopes. Yet, there they were, 560 of them, killed and crushed as you would swat a single fly.

"But the mothers—the mothers who bore them!—many of them living to read their babies' names in the death list; for the old-country mothers live long. They suffered for, and tended, and reared, and counseled these children of theirs. And the end of it all is—one shell shrieking and exploding, and 560 mothers' sons dead.

"I was never a suffragist till then. Now I hope and pray with all the fervor of my soul that somehow women will get their voice so that they may have a vote in the making of wars. They will never vote for a condition of things where one shell, made by peaceable workmen in peaceful times, can render 560 mothers childless, 560 families fatherless, 560 strong young bodies lifeless."

BAD FAITH HURTS THEM THE MOST

Action of New Jersey Labor Federation Can Reflect Only As Treachery

The defeat of the suffrage resolution by the New Jersey Federation of Labor in its recent convention at Jersey City, astonishing as it must be to the supporters of the labor movement, need not necessarily discourage the suffragists. It does not seem to have occurred to these delegates that their continuous support of equal suffrage for twenty-six years since the organization of the federation at a time when it might be regarded as academic in character and their desertion on the eve of the election can only be regarded as an act of bad faith and treachery.

THE WILL OF WOMEN

Know Your Power!

You who abhor war, and want Peace, what are your actions?

You work for the Red Cross and Committees for War-Relief, you work at patch-means for war and you ought to work for Peace.

Where are your messengers to Emperors, Kings and Presidents, to People and Parliaments, putting sense over against error and reason over against violence?

Where are your multitudes, who will kneel before the Powerful for hours, days, weeks, not giving way, before the swords are put back in the sheaths and the guns are in rest?

Where are you—innumerable—who will lie down on the roads, so that men, horses and cannon must pass over you to reach the battlefields?

Where does one find you in front of mitrailleuses and lances in order to shield your husband, your child?

When have you refused to give up husband and sons for war? When have you refused to give yourselves? When have you refused to pay taxes for war?

Up, you Women, who know the price of Peace, up in multitudes denser than swarms of locusts, mightier than the sunlight:

To princes and people,
To battlefield and fortresses,
To prisons and executions,
Through mockery and scorn,
Up to Peace!

The arms shall be put down, it is the will of Women.

Anti-War-Action, Secretary, 122 Anna Van Buerestraat. The Hague, Holland.

APPEAL PLEASES STREET CAR MEN

"We Will Try Never to Fall Off the Car Backward," Say Suffragists

Car Barn Day of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York was a great success, and many amusing and encouraging incidents took place. At some of the barns the women found that the men had waited until noon to draw their pay so that they might be on hand when the suffragists arrived. The women were allowed to decorate the Third Avenue pay car where 9,000 men receive their money.

At the pay stations were posters on which appeared:

Conductors! Motormen!
Forget your grouch at us!
Give us the vote!
And we will try
Never to fall off the car backward.
Never to climb on in front while in motion.
Never to forget our transfers.
Never to say Johnnie is 3 when he is 10.
Vote for the woman suffrage amendment Nov. 2 and
Watch us learn.

BREEZY INTERVIEW ABOUT YEAR OLD

Anti-Suffragists Apparently Hard Pressed for Backers — Miss Gilder Used Like Mr. Root

The publication last week of an interview with Miss Jeannette Watson Gilder by the anti-suffragists has proved another of their "archaeological researches," according to the Empire State campaign press department, which says:

"First they delved into back history and brought out a moldy 1894 speech by Elihu Root, which they published as a brand new letter. Now they are passing around a lavender and old lace fragment on Jeannette Watson Gilder, which she also wrote so long ago that she couldn't remember when.

"On August 25th Miss Gilder shook out her newspaper and discovered herself breezily interviewed on the previous day. After some mnemonic exercises, she recalled the interview as one given out a year ago. But it doesn't quite fit her present views, which are that suffrage would be all right if only the educated women voted. She has her foot on the first rung of the suffrage ladder."

GERMANS OPPOSE IN NEW JERSEY

Executive Committee of Alliance Will Send Circular Anti Letter to Teutons

The State Executive Committee of the German Alliance at a special meeting in Elizabeth, N. J., Aug. 30, decided to urge all branches of the organization in New Jersey to oppose woman suffrage, prohibition and local option.

The committee decided to send out circular letters requesting members to use their influence against the passage of the equal suffrage amendment at the special election on Oct. 19.

In the South

Since the first of the year six Southern Legislatures in one or both of their Houses have given a majority to the equal suffrage amendment. In three of these Legislatures, those of West Virginia, Tennessee, and Arkansas, the amendment not only received a majority but passed both Houses. In the other three, Alabama, Florida and Texas, the amendment was prevented from passing by the handicap of needing more than a majority. Who said anything about the Solid South?

"The entrance of woman into civic life has been effected quietly but rapidly, while society has been discussing her political status," says William J. Tucker in the September Atlantic.

Judge Sculley of Chicago handed down an opinion last week denying the women of Illinois their right to vote for delegates to the national convention which will nominate candidates for President.

Hon. John D. Long's daughter Margaret, who has been for many years a resident of Colorado, says in a letter to Mrs. Maud Wood Park of Boston; "Candidates nominated are of a better character than before women voted. No one interested in good government finds the women in any way a hindrance, and they often find them a help."

FAREWELL PARTY FOR CONGRESSMEN

Suffragists in All Districts Will Give Representatives Train-Letter of Petitions

Plans are now being laid by suffragists for giving Congressmen from the non-suffrage States unique farewell parties when they leave their home towns for Washington next fall. Local suffragists will gather for a district convention and will set forth their views in regard to the need of an amendment to the Federal Constitution, calling upon their Congressman for his support. Whether he pledges himself to this convention or not he will be supplied, when he starts for the National Capitol, with a train-letter in the form of resolutions adopted and signed by the members of all the local suffrage leagues in the district. If these documents fail to convince him of the demands among his constituents and if the hundreds of simultaneous district conventions timed as a farewell impression for him do not move him, perhaps the fact that when he arrives in Washington, D. C., hundreds of women will converge there for the forty-seventh annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association will have some effect, especially as this body will make an appeal to Congress, presenting, en masse, copies of the resolutions sent in from each Congressional district.

Mrs. Medill McCormick, chairman of the Congressional Committee of the National Association, in explaining the purpose of this plan, said:

"Especial emphasis will be given to the meetings in the districts of new members of Congress, of whom there are over 130 this session, and no Congressman will be left in a position to oppose us on the ground that 'there is no sentiment in my district.'"

ARIZONA LEADER LAUDS NEW ORDER

Says Women Voters Aid in Reducing Municipal Expenses—Great Improvements Follow

The Hon. George U. Young, Mayor of Phoenix, Arizona, gave strong testimony to the good results of equal suffrage in his State during his recent visit to Pittsburgh, Pa. He is reported in the Pittsburgh Sun of Aug. 20 as saying:

"The men of Arizona gave their mothers, wives, sisters and sweethearts the vote with a good round majority. If they were called upon to grant the right over again tomorrow there would not be a single intelligent vote raised in opposition.

"The influence of the women is mightily assisting in reducing municipal expenses in the towns throughout our State.

"The influence of the women has rushed forward the parking of the entire State with fine roads. Through the influence of the women there have been installed in all towns and cities drinking fountains, rest rooms and public comfort stations where the woman from the country can bring her children, feed them and have them cared for without expense while she is doing her shopping. Public bandstands have been established in the parks where the people gather, visit together and enjoy the music without cost.

"We have proved in Arizona that women, as a whole, exercise more intelligence in casting their ballots than men. They are closer students of affairs. They stand naturally for the best."

LAST LAUGHS

Uncle Jack asked little Celia if she didn't want him to play with her. "Oh, no," she said, "we're playing Indian, and you're no use, 'cause you're scalped already."—Chicago Tribune.

Philadelphia is to teach geography by moving pictures. That is about the only way to keep up with European geography. — Indianapolis News.

Lady (engaging nurse): "Have you had any experience with children?" Applicant: "Yis, mum. Shure, Oi used to be a child meself."—Tit-Bits.

Brown — "Stout people, they say, are rarely guilty of meanness or crime."

Jones—"Well, you see, it's so difficult for them to stoop to anything low."—Stray Stories.

Mr. Psmear: "This is a scene in ancient Athens. I call the picture 'Votaries of Minerva.'"

Mr. Mixtup: "Votaries! I didn't know women had the ballot in those days."

"You are very naughty today, Johnnie" exclaimed his mother.

"Well, you got somethin' to be thankful for," replied the boy.

"I should like to know what?"

"That I ain't twins!"—Stray Stories.

"You say that women haven't the endurance of men?"

"They haven't."

"That they can not successfully resist unusual mental strain, or physical fatigue—that they lack nerve and patience and endurance?"

"Yes."

"Do you see that little woman over there?"

"Yes."

"You have never known a man who could endure what she has endured."

"Eh! Why, what is she?"

"She's the reader of the love-stories submitted to a popular magazine." — Cleveland Plain Dealer.